

# TESTPASSPORT

## 練習問題

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高品質な学習リソース

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<https://www.testpassport.jp>

1年間無料アップデート

**Exam : 300-725**

**Title : BBaSecuring the Web with  
Cisco Web Security  
Appliance**

**Version : DEMO**

## 1.DRAG DROP

Drag and drop the Cisco WSA methods from the left onto the correct deployment modes on the right.

|      |                  |
|------|------------------|
| WPAD | Transparent Mode |
| WCCP |                  |
| PAC  | Explicit Mode    |
| PBR  |                  |

Answer:

|      |                  |
|------|------------------|
| WPAD | Transparent Mode |
| WCCP |                  |
| PAC  | Explicit Mode    |
| PBR  |                  |

### Explanation:

You could use an explicit setting (browser config/PAC/WPAD) or transparent (WCCP/PBR) to point to the first proxy and then the first proxy will route based on category to one of the two upstream proxies based on your policy configuration. Reference:

<https://community.cisco.com/t5/web-security/route-to-wsa-based-on-destination/td-p/2491179>

## 2.What causes authentication failures on a Cisco WSA when LDAP is used for authentication?

- A. when the passphrase contains only 5 characters
- B. when the passphrase contains characters that are not 7-bit ASCII
- C. when the passphrase contains one of following characters '@ # \$ % ^'
- D. when the passphrase contains 50 characters

**Answer:** B

### Explanation:

Reference:

[https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/wsa/wsa11-0/user\\_guide/b\\_WSA\\_UserGuide/b\\_WSA\\_Us](https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/wsa/wsa11-0/user_guide/b_WSA_UserGuide/b_WSA_Us)



### Answer Area

|                                     |                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| In-Use Connection Timeout           | maximum time (in seconds) that the web proxy keeps open a connection to a client or server after a transaction has been completed and no further activity is detected |
| Simultaneous Persistent Connections | maximum time (in seconds) that the web proxy waits for more data from an idle client or server when the current transaction has not yet been completed                |
| Use Received Headers                | maximum number of TCP sockets that the web proxy keeps open with servers                                                                                              |
| Persistent Connection Timeout       | allows an upstream web proxy to identify clients by IP address                                                                                                        |

Answer:

### Answer Area

|                                     |                                     |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| In-Use Connection Timeout           | Persistent Connection Timeout       |
| Simultaneous Persistent Connections | In-Use Connection Timeout           |
| Use Received Headers                | Simultaneous Persistent Connections |
| Persistent Connection Timeout       | Use Received Headers                |

### Explanation:

Reference:

[https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/wsa/wsa11-0/user\\_guide/b\\_WSA\\_UserGuide/b\\_WSA\\_UserGuide\\_chapter\\_0100.html](https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/wsa/wsa11-0/user_guide/b_WSA_UserGuide/b_WSA_UserGuide_chapter_0100.html)